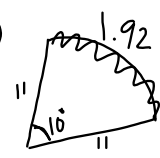


Homework Questions...

(35)  $S = r \cdot \theta$

$\frac{10}{180} = \frac{\theta}{18}$

$\theta = \frac{\pi}{18}$ $r = 11$

$P = 11 + 11 + 1.92$

23.92 inches
(24)

Feb 3-12:52 PM

4.2 Right Triangle Trig

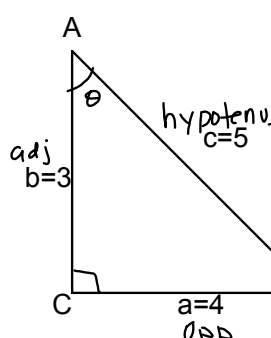
SOH-CAH-TOA

$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$ $\text{Csc } \theta = \frac{\text{hypotenuse}}{\text{opposite}}$ (Reciprocals)

$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$ $\text{Sec } \theta = \frac{\text{hypotenuse}}{\text{adjacent}}$

$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$ $\text{Cot } \theta = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{opposite}}$

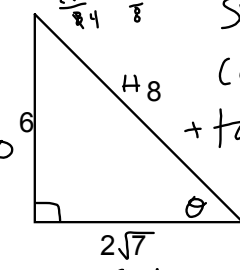
Feb 3-12:53 PM



$\sin B = \frac{3}{5}$ $\cos B = \frac{4}{5}$ $\tan B = \frac{3}{4}$ $\text{csc } B = \frac{5}{3}$ $\text{sec } B = \frac{5}{4}$ $\text{cot } B = \frac{4}{3}$

$\sin A = \frac{4}{5}$ $\cos A = \frac{3}{5}$ $\tan A = \frac{4}{3}$ $\text{csc } A = \frac{5}{4}$ $\text{sec } A = \frac{5}{3}$ $\text{cot } A = \frac{3}{4}$

Feb 3-12:57 PM



$\sin \theta = \frac{3}{4}$

$\cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$

$\tan \theta = \frac{3}{\sqrt{7}}$

$\text{csc } \theta = \frac{4}{3}$

$\text{sec } \theta = \frac{4\sqrt{7}}{7}$

$\text{cot } \theta = \frac{\sqrt{7}}{3}$

Rationalize: $\frac{3\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{7} \cdot \sqrt{7}} = \frac{3\sqrt{7}}{7}$

Feb 3-12:59 PM

Pick an angle

c is the hypotenuse

$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

$3^2 + b^2 = 7^2$

$b^2 = 40$

$b = 2\sqrt{10}$

$\sin \theta = \frac{3}{2\sqrt{10}}$ $\text{csc } \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{3}$

$\cos \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{7}$ $\text{sec } \theta = \frac{7}{2\sqrt{10}}$

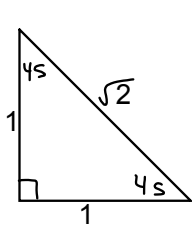
$\tan \theta = \frac{3}{2\sqrt{10}}$ $\text{cot } \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{3}$

$\frac{3}{2\sqrt{10} \cdot \sqrt{10}}$ $\frac{3\sqrt{10}}{2 \cdot 10}$ $\frac{3\sqrt{10}}{20}$

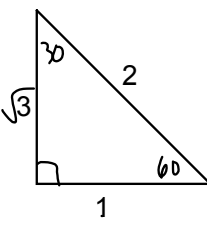
$\frac{7}{2\sqrt{10} \cdot \sqrt{10}}$ $\frac{7\sqrt{10}}{20}$

Feb 3-1:00 PM

Special Right Triangles



45-45-90



30-60-90

Feb 3-1:00 PM

$\sin \frac{\pi}{3}$
 Same as $\sin 60 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$\frac{\pi}{3} = 60^\circ$
 $\frac{\pi}{2} = 90^\circ$
 $\frac{\pi}{6} = 30^\circ$
 $\frac{\pi}{4} = 45^\circ$

Feb 3-1:47 PM

$\csc \frac{\pi}{6}$ reciprocal of $\frac{\pi}{6}$
 $\frac{1}{\sin \frac{\pi}{6}}$
 $\csc 30 = \frac{\text{hyp}}{\text{opp}} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$

Feb 3-1:49 PM

Solve the Triangle:
Solve for all three angles and all three sides

$A = 53^\circ$ $a = 6.39$
 $B = 37^\circ$ $b = 4.81$
 $C = 90^\circ$ $c = 8$

$180 - 37 - 90$
 $\cos 37^\circ = \frac{a}{8}$
 $8 \cdot \cos 37 = a$
 $6.39 = a$

$\sin 37 = \frac{b}{8}$
 $8 \cdot \sin 37$
 $4.81 = b$

Feb 3-1:02 PM

$\csc \frac{\pi}{15}$
 $\frac{1}{\sin \frac{\pi}{15}} \approx 4.810$

Since you are typing $\frac{\pi}{15}$ you need to be in radian mode. If you type degrees you need to be in degree mode.

Feb 3-1:03 PM

$\cot 15^\circ$
 $\frac{1}{\tan 15^\circ} = 3.732$

Feb 3-1:52 PM

Solving for an angle:
Use the inverse \sin^{-1} to solve for an angle

$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}$
 $\sin^{-1} \sin \theta = \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{2} = 30^\circ$ or $\frac{\pi}{6}$
 2nd sin (1=2)

Feb 3-1:06 PM

3-48 multiples of 3
3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, ...
56, 61, 62, 64, 65

Feb 3-2:04 PM